



BBM Enterprise

Security Note

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Document revision history

Date	Description
18 June 2019	Updated to include information about manual key verification and manual passphrase exchange.
9 Oct 2018	Updated to include info about options for passphrase exchange.
24 Oct 2017	Updated graphics to reflect correct BBM Enterprise application architecture.
19 Jun 2017	Updated to include info about BBM Enterprise application data at rest encryption.
2 Nov 2016	Updated to include info about BBM Enterprise app and services.
1 June 2016	Updated to include info about BBM Protected voice and video, including requirements, architecture, and encryption information.
3 June 2015	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Updated to indicate that as of BBM 10.7 (BlackBerry 10 devices) and BlackBerry Messenger 8.5.3 (BlackBerry OS devices), BBM Protected is now controlled by the Enterprise Identity administrator console instead of the "Use BBM Protected" IT policy rule.• Added information about Protected Plus• Added information about Protected Autopassphrase
17 December 2014	Updated to include support for BlackBerry UEM, iOS devices, and Android devices
12 September 2014	Updated various topics to indicate that BBM Protected now supports all activation types for BlackBerry 10 devices

About this guide

BBM Enterprise uses advanced security features to allow BlackBerry 10, iOS, and Android device users in your organization to communicate securely with each other. This guide describes how BBM Enterprise provides a higher level of security for messages, voice calls, and video calls between BBM Enterprise users.

This guide is intended for senior IT professionals responsible for evaluating the product and planning its deployment, as well as anyone who's interested in learning more about BBM Enterprise or BBM Enterprise security features.

System requirements

To use BBM Enterprise, you must meet the following requirements:

Device	Requirements
BlackBerry 10 (version 10.3.1 and later)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Any activation type• Assigned to BBM Enterprise in the Enterprise Identity administrator console• Running BBM Enterprise 20.0 or later• BBM Enterprise user license
iOS (version 8.1 or later)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Assigned to BBM Enterprise in the Enterprise Identity administrator console• Running BBM Enterprise 1.1 or later• BBM Enterprise user license
Android version 4.3 or later)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Assigned to BBM Enterprise in the Enterprise Identity administrator console• Running BBM Enterprise 1.1 or later• BBM Enterprise user license
Windows (version 7 and later)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Assigned to BBM Enterprise in the Enterprise Identity administrator console• Running BBM Enterprise for Windows version 1.0 or later• BBM Enterprise user license
macOS (version 10.7 and later)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Assigned to BBM Enterprise in the Enterprise Identity administrator console• Running BBM Enterprise for macOS version 1.0 or later• BBM Enterprise user license

To use BBM Enterprise voice and video calling an additional user license is required. Your device must meet the following requirements:

Device	Requirements
BlackBerry 10 (version 10.3.1 and later)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Any activation type• Assigned to BBM Enterprise in the Enterprise Identity administrator console• Running BBM Enterprise 20.0 or later• BBM Enterprise Voice and Video user license
iOS (version 8.1 and later)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Assigned to BBM Enterprise in the Enterprise Identity administrator console• Running BBM Enterprise 1.0 or later• BBM Enterprise Voice and Video user license

Device	Requirements
Android (version 4.4 and later)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Assigned to BBM Enterprise in the Enterprise Identity administrator console Running BBM 1.0 or later BBM Enterprise Voice and Video user license
Windows (version 7 and later)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Assigned to BBM Enterprise in the Enterprise Identity administrator console Running BBM Enterprise for Windows version 1.0 or later BBM Enterprise Voice and Video user license
macOS (version 10.8 and later)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Assigned to BBM Enterprise in the Enterprise Identity administrator console Running BBM Enterprise for macOS version 1.0 or later BBM Enterprise Voice and Video user license

Using BBM Enterprise

BBM Enterprise can provide end-to-end encryption for messages, voice calls, and video calls that are sent between BBM Enterprise users in your organization and other BBM Enterprise users, inside or outside of your organization.

How BBM Enterprise protects messages

BBM Enterprise uses established cryptographic methods to encrypt and digitally sign messages in order to establish secure communications between BBM Enterprise users.

When BBM Enterprise uses BBM Enterprise encryption

- BBM Enterprise version 1.1 and later applies end-to-end encryption to all chats for Android and iOS devices
- BBM version 20.0 applies end-to-end encryption to all chats for BlackBerry 10

Earlier versions of the BBM Enterprise app used Protected Plus in the following ways:

- If Protected Plus is on, or if you're chatting to another BBM Enterprise user, end-to-end encryption is used for sent and received messages.
- If your organization doesn't use Protected Plus, default BBM encryption is used for messages that you exchange with contacts who use BBM app.

Default BBM encryption

If your organization uses an earlier versions of the BBM Enterprise app and doesn't use Protected Plus, default BBM encryption is used for messages that you exchange with contacts who are using the BBM app. Default BBM encryption relies on TLS, and uses a combination of authentication and encryption to protect messages. For more information about default BBM encryption, visit help.blackberry.com/detectLang/bbm-security/.

BBM Enterprise standards and algorithms

BBM Enterprise uses FIPS 140-2 validated cryptographic libraries to ensure that it satisfies the security requirements for protecting unclassified information as defined by the Federal Information Processing Standards.

BBM Enterprise uses ECC because it offers significant advantages over the most widely used alternative, RSA. BlackBerry uses the ECC implementation that is offered by Certicom, which is a wholly owned subsidiary of BlackBerry. Certicom has been developing standards-based cryptography for over 25 years. Certicom is the acknowledged worldwide leader in ECC, offering the most security per bit of any known public key scheme. For example, a 160-bit ECC key and a 1024-bit RSA key offer a similar level of security. A 512-bit ECC key provides the same level of security as a 15,360-bit RSA key.

BBM Enterprise standards

BBM Enterprise uses the following standards for signing, encrypting, and hashing, which meet or exceed the NIST Suite B cryptographic guidelines:

- Digital signature standard FIPS 186-4: provides a means of guaranteeing the authenticity and non-repudiation of messages
- AES symmetric encryption standard FIPS 197: uses agreed symmetric keys to guarantee the confidentiality of messages
- HMAC standard FIPS 198-1: based on SHA2-256 and uses agreed symmetric keys to guarantee the integrity of messages
- Cryptographic key generation standard NIST SP 800-133: generates the cryptographic keys that are needed to employ algorithms that provide confidentiality and integrity protection for messages
- Secure Hash standard FIPS 180-4: provides preimage and collision resistant hash functions that are required for secure HMACs, digital signatures, key derivation, and key exchange

BBM Enterprise algorithms and functions

To protect the connection between BBM Enterprise users during a chat, BBM Enterprise users exchange public signing and encryption keys using an in-band or out-of-band shared secret and EC-SPEKE. For details, see [Key exchange process](#). These keys are then used to encrypt and digitally sign messages between the devices. BBM Enterprise uses the following algorithms that are based on NIST standards with 256-bit equivalent security:

- EC-SPEKE: securely exchanges a symmetric key by protecting the exchange with a password
- KDF: securely derives message keys from shared secrets
- One-Pass DH: using one user's private key and another user's public key, derives a new shared secret between the users

The algorithms and associated key strengths that BBM Enterprise implements are:

- AES-256 for symmetric encryption
- ECDSA with NIST curve P-521 for signing
- One-Pass ECDH with NIST curve P-521 for symmetric key agreement
- SHA2-512 for hashing and key derivation
- SHA2-256-128 HMAC for message authentication codes

BBM Enterprise voice and video calling uses SRTP media streaming and implements the following algorithms and associated key strengths:

- AES-128 in CTR mode or AES-256 in GCM mode (depending on the version) for symmetric encryption
- 112-bit salting keys
- BBM Enterprise messaging for symmetric key transfer
- SHA1 80-bit tag for message authentication and integrity

BBM Enterprise key usage

BBM Enterprise uses two types of cryptographic keys: *identity keys* and *chat keys*. Each user has two long-lived public and private key pairs known as their identity keys. One of the key pairs in this set is used to sign messages from the user, and one is used to create secure peer-to-peer encryption contexts between two users. The public identity keys must be shared with other users, while the private identity keys must only be held by the clients of the user that owns them.

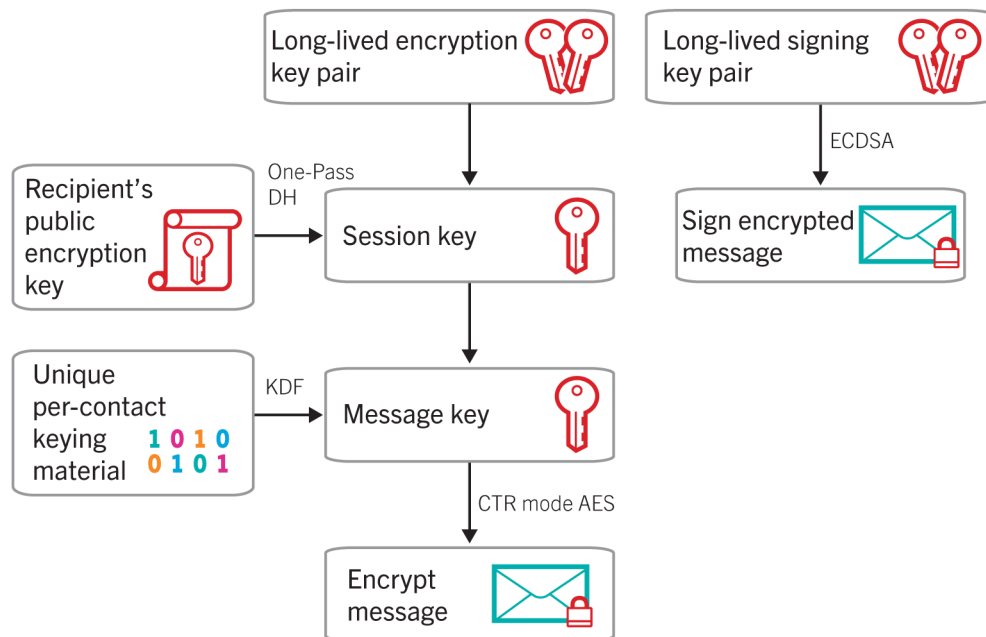
When a BBM Enterprise user wants to start communicating with another BBM Enterprise user, the two users must first exchange their public identity keys. Before exchanging keys, BBM Enterprise first performs an EC-SPEKE exchange with the other user, who must prove their identity by providing a passphrase generated by the initiator.

This EC-SPEKE exchange establishes a trusted ephemeral cryptographic context within which the users' identity keys are then exchanged. For more information, see [Key exchange process](#).

When a BBM Enterprise user starts a chat with another BBM Enterprise user, BBM Enterprise creates a new random *chat key* that is used to protect the metadata and messages of that chat. Chat messages are encrypted using a per-message key generated by combining the chat key with a message counter, nonce, and other information using ANSI-X9.63-KDF. All participant endpoints within a chat must share the chat key, and it must be protected from users and clients that do not belong to the chat. BBM Enterprise shares the chat key with another user by sending a protected *identity message*.

Identity messages are messages exchanged between two users outside of a chat (for instance, an invitation to join a chat from one user to another). Identity messages are encrypted using a per-message key generated by both the sender and recipient: the remote identity's public encryption key and the local identity's private encryption key are used to generate an ECDH secp521r1 528-bit shared secret. This shared secret is combined with the message counter and nonce to make a secret that is used to derive a key using ANSI-X9.63-KDF.

Each BBM Enterprise identity and chat message is signed using ECDSA with the sender's signing key pair and verified by the receiver.



Key exchange process

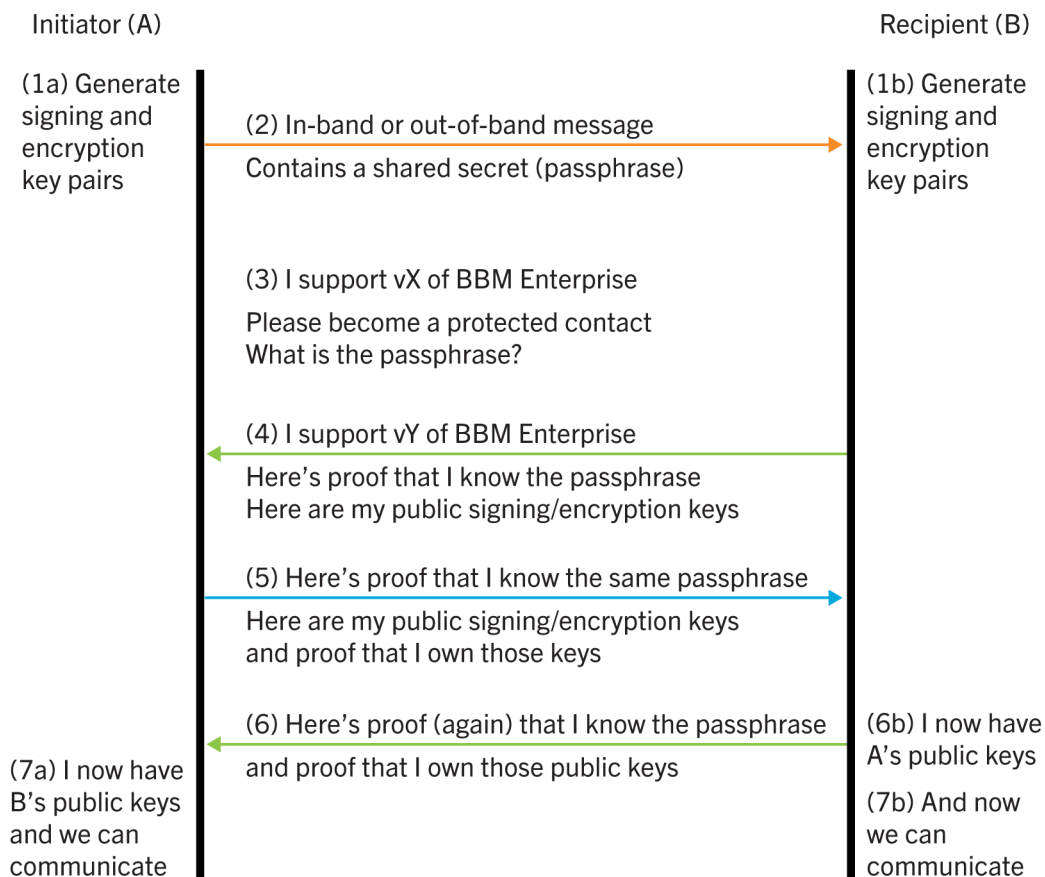
The BBM Enterprise key exchange process is protected by an EC-SPEKE passphrase. Protecting the exchange of public identity keys with a passphrase is a unique property of BBM Enterprise. The main purpose of this approach is to provide a strong cryptographic promise between the initiator and the recipient of a key exchange so that BBM Enterprise users can be sure that they have the true, trusted keys for other users. With trusted identity keys, users can trust that only intended recipients can join chats and receive messages.

- **Automatic passphrase exchange:** Automatic passphrase is a default feature of BBM Enterprise that allows users to exchange the required passphrase for key exchange using an in-band mechanism instead of an out-of-band mechanism. The passphrase that users exchange is generated automatically. The passphrase is shared in-band, using a BBM Enterprise message and requires no user interaction to set it up. The sender's BBM Enterprise app automatically generates a passphrase and sends it to the recipient to use as the passphrase. With automatic passphrase, BBM Enterprise seamlessly initiates key exchanges when first communicating with other users. The messages carrying the passphrase are transient. This method provides a convenient and fast chat setup process while giving users the option to verify keys later using a manual passphrase key exchange or manual key verification.
- **Manual passphrase exchange:** With a manual passphrase exchange, the user who initiates the process sends the passphrase using an out-of-band mechanism, such as in person, using SMS, or by email. The shared secret can be a user-defined passphrase or it can be an auto-generated passphrase suggested by BBM Enterprise. An attacker would have to compromise the shared secret exchange, which is made more difficult because the attacker doesn't know when or how the secret will be shared. Because the secret is shared out-of-band, in order to compromise the identity key exchange, an attacker intending to spoof the identity would need to intercept both the connection through the BlackBerry Infrastructure and the out-of-band channel outside of BlackBerry Infrastructure that the BBM Enterprise users use to exchange the shared secret. Without the correct passphrase, an attacker cannot complete the EC-SPEKE exchange and therefore cannot read or modify the BBM Enterprise traffic. To enable this option for all users, turn on an IT policy in the BBM Enterprise user management console. Additionally, users with BBM Enterprise version 1.8 can, at any time, use the "Share Passphrase" option in a 1:1 chat to start a manual passphrase key exchange with the chat participant, irrespective of the IT policy settings.

- **Manual key verification:** Starting in BBM Enterprise version 1.8, a manual key verification security measure is available to BBM Enterprise users at all times. When the user manually verifies the fingerprint or scans the QR code directly from the other user's client in-person or via other secure means, BBM Enterprise marks the user's copy of the keys as manually verified. Users can examine the manual key verification state of all other users, and users receive notifications when new keys are exchanged. When keys are exchanged using a manual passphrase exchange, BBM Enterprise will automatically mark the keys as manually verified. Under an automatic passphrase exchange policy, users can manually verify each other's keys by a QR code scan or visual comparison of their key fingerprint.

Regardless of which mechanisms are used, BBM Enterprise reports updates in its Feeds list whenever new, different identity keys are exchanged with an automatic passphrase or when identity keys are manually verified. Users can also inspect the manual verification state of another known user's public keys at any time. Thus, users are always kept apprised of important identity key life cycle events and state.

Data flow: BBM Enterprise key exchange process



The BBM Enterprise key exchange uses the following steps:

1. Each device performs the following actions:
 - Generates a long-lived encryption key pair
 - Generates a long-lived signing key pair
2. The shared secret passphrase is exchanged using an automatic or manual passphrase exchange method.

3. The initiator sends the first BBM Enterprise message, which is an invitation that contains the initiator's contact information and the highest version (vX) of BBM Enterprise that they support.
4. The recipient responds to the invitation and provides:
 - The highest version (vY) of BBM Enterprise that the recipient supports
 - Proof that they know the passphrase
 - The recipient's long-lived public encryption and signing keys
5. The initiator responds to the acceptance and provides:
 - Proof that the initiator knows the passphrase
 - The initiator's long-lived public encryption and signing keys
 - Proof that the initiator has the private keys that correspond to the public keys that they claim to own
6. The recipient responds with proof the recipient owns the private keys.
7. After the initiator verifies the final message from the recipient, each party knows the other's public keys and that they belong to someone who knows both the associated private keys and the passphrase. (Assuming that only the recipient and the initiator know the passphrase, they can confirm that the public keys belong to each other.)
8. If an in-band shared secret is exchanged, once initial keys have been exchanged between two BBM Enterprise contacts, subsequent key exchanges will result in notification to a user when their remote contact has exchanged keys again.

Parameters that the BBM Enterprise key exchange uses

The description of the BBM Enterprise key exchange uses the following labels:

Parameter	Description
A, B	The two key exchange participants (A initiator, B recipient)
X_A, X_B	Versions of X belonging to A and B
PIN_{AB}	BlackBerry PIN value for A and B
$Version_{AB}$	The highest supported protocol version by each party
S_{AB}	Public portion of EC-SPEKE exchange values
S'_{AB}	Private portion of EC-SPEKE exchange values
$K_{sign_{AB}}$	Public portion of signing key
$K'_{sign_{AB}}$	Private portion of signing key
$K_{enc_{AB}}$	Public portion of encryption key
$K'_{enc_{AB}}$	Private portion of encryption key
K_{enc}	Symmetric encryption key protecting the confidentiality of the key exchange
K_{mac}	Symmetric key protecting the integrity of the key exchange
nonce	Initialization Vector nonce associated with encryption using K_{enc}

Parameter	Description
ENCMAC { K_{enc} , K_{mac} , IV} (data)	Symmetric encryption with K_{enc} followed by the addition of a MAC of the ciphertext with K_{mac}
DECMAC { K_{enc} , K_{mac} , IV} (data)	The inverse of ENCMAC: verification of the MAC with K_{mac} , followed by decryption of the authenticated ciphertext using K_{enc}
KDF (aux, secret)	A standard KDF function
EC-SPEKE-GEN (secret)	Generates a non-deterministic key pair based on a shared secret
EC-DH (private, public)	Generates a raw shared secret with ECDH
EC-GEN ()	Generates a new random Elliptic Curve key pair
K_{proof}	A symmetric key used for proving possession of the private key
EC-SIGN {secret} (data)	A public key signature on a hash using ECDSA
MAC {secret} (data)	Calculates a MAC keyed with secret on data
T3, T4	Message authentication tags for messages #3 and #4
SS_{AB}	The EC-SPEKE shared secret value between A and B
F	The prefix value used for cryptographic separation between usages of the same key between different BBM applications, protocol versions, and sessions
S	Shared secrets, shared in-band out-of-band (for details, see Key exchange process)
	Indicates concatenation
(X, Y)	Indicates separation of concatenated values

Data flow: Detailed BBM Enterprise key exchange process

1. Each device generates a long-lived encryption key pair and a signing key pair.

- a. The initiator's device generates:

```
(KsignA, K'signA) = EC-GEN ()
(KencA, K'encA) = EC-GEN ()
```

- b. The recipient's device generates:

```
(KsignB, K'signB) = EC-GEN ()
(KencB, K'encB) = EC-GEN ()
```

2. The initiator chooses or autogenerates a secret password. This shared password is sent automatically in-band or is sent manually out-of-band to the recipient using an SMS text message, email, phone call, or in person. For details, see [Key exchange process](#).

3. The initiator sends the first BBM message, which is an invitation that contains the initiator's contact information and the highest version of BBM Enterprise that they support.

```
Version = 0
p = KDF ("EC-SPEKE Password", F || S), forget S, where sizeof(p) = 256 bits
(SA, S'A) = EC-SPEKE-GEN (p), forget p
invite_id = 64-bit nonce
```

The initiator's invitation message (Message #1) is: (Version_A, invite_id, PIN_A, S_A)

4. The recipient responds to the invitation and provides the highest version of BBM Enterprise that the recipient supports, proof that they know the secret password, and the recipient's long-lived public encryption and signing keys.

```
Version = 0
p = KDF ("EC-SPEKE Password", F || S), forget S, where sizeof(p) = 256 bits
(SB, S'B) = EC-SPEKE-GEN (p), forget p
Version = MIN (VersionA, VersionB)
SSAB = EC-DH (S'B, SA)
(Kenc, Kmac, nonce) = KDF ("BBM Enterprise Key Exchange", F || SSAB)
Message #2 payload = P2 = (invite_id, KsignB, KencB)
Message #2 payload signature = S2 = EC-SIGN {K'signB} (F || versionB || P2 || SA || SB)
Message #2 encrypted payload = E2 = ENCMAC {Kenc, Kmac, nonce} (P2 || S2)
```

The recipient's response message (Message #2) is: (Version_B, S_B, E2)

5. The initiator responds to the acceptance and provides proof that they know the secret password, the initiator's long-lived public encryption and signing keys, and proof that the initiator's private keys correspond to the public keys that the initiator claims to own.

```
Version = MIN (VersionA, VersionB)
Increment password_attempts.
If (password_attempts > 5) then abort.
SSAB = EC-DH (S'A, SB)
(Kenc, Kmac, nonce) = KDF ("BBM Enterprise Key Exchange", F || SSAB)
(P2, S2) = DECMAC {Kenc, Kmac, nonce} (E2)
(KsignB, KencB) = P2
Verify signature S2.
KencAB = EC-DH (K'encA, KencB)
Kproof = KDF ("K_proof", F || KencAB), where sizeof(Kproof) = 256 bits
Message #3 Auth Tag = T3 = MAC {Kproof} (F || KsignB || KencB)
Message #3 payload = P3 = (KsignA, KencA, T3)
Message #3 payload signature = S3 = EC-SIGN {K'signA} (F || P3 || SB || SA || KsignB || KencB)
Message #3 encrypted payload = E3 = ENCMAC {Kenc, Kmac, nonce} (P3 || S3)
```

The initiator's response message (Message #3) is: E3

6. The recipient responds with proof that they own the recipient's private keys.

```
(P3, S3) = DECMAC {Kenc, Kmac, nonce} (E3)
(KsignA, KencA, T3') = P3
Verify signature S3.
KencAB = EC-DH (K'encB, KencA)
Kproof' = KDF ("K_proof", F || KencAB), where sizeof (Kproof) = 256 bits
T3 = MAC {Kproof'} (F || KsignB || KencB)
Check T3 == T3'
Message #4 Auth Tag = T4 = MAC {Kproof'} (F || KsignA || KencA)
E4 = ENCMAC {Kenc, Kmac, nonce} (T4)
```

The initiator's response message (Message #4) is: E4

- After the initiator verifies the final message from the recipient, each party knows the other's public keys and that they belong to someone who knows both the associated private keys and the secret password.

```
T4' = DECMAC {Kenc, Kmac, nonce} (Message #4)
Check T4' against MAC {Kproof} (F || KsignA || KencA)
```

After the key exchange is completed, the security of messages no longer depends on the secrecy of the passphrase or the ephemeral key pairs. The public keys for encryption and signing are stored for each contact and the contact is confirmed as the owner of the private keys.

Key storage

Keys obtained from the steps described in the [Data flow: BBM Enterprise key exchange process](#) topic are stored locally on the device, in the BBM Enterprise application database. The database's content is encrypted. For more information, see the [BBM Enterprise application encryption for data at rest](#) topic.

BBM Enterprise application encryption for data at rest

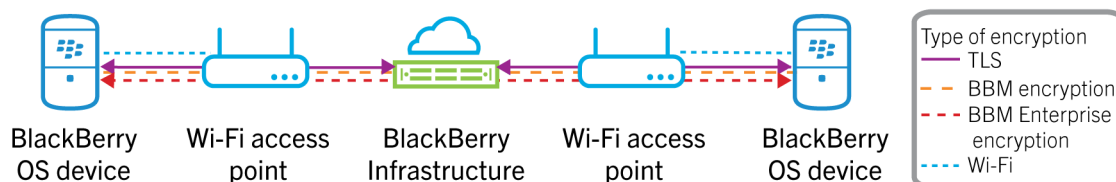
The BBM Enterprise application database is encrypted. BBM Enterprise uses an SQLCipher database, initialized with a passphrase, to store the BBM Enterprise content. BBM Enterprise generates a block of random data (48 bytes) to use as the passphrase. The passphrase is random, unique to each BBM Enterprise app, and used each time the BBM Enterprise app starts on a device. BBM Enterprise encrypts the passphrase and stores it in the platform's specific keystore. For BlackBerry 10, BBM Enterprise encrypts the passphrase and stores it using the platform's certificate manager. For Windows, BBM Enterprise encrypts the passphrase with DPAPI and stores the results locally.

BBM Enterprise messaging architecture

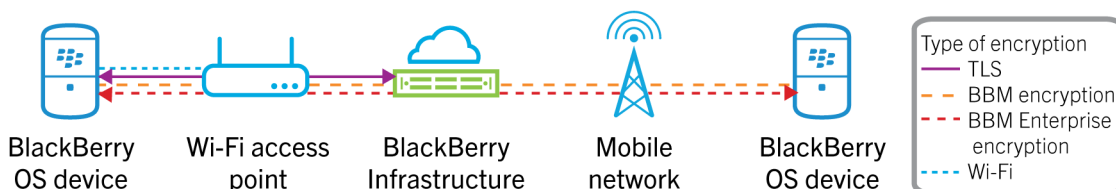
The following diagrams show how BBM Enterprise protects messages in transit.

BBM Enterprise messaging for BlackBerry OS devices

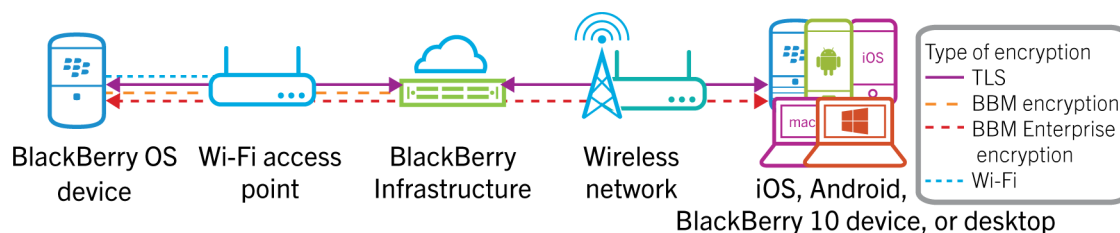
BBM Enterprise between a BlackBerry OS device on a Wi-Fi network and a BlackBerry OS device on a Wi-Fi network



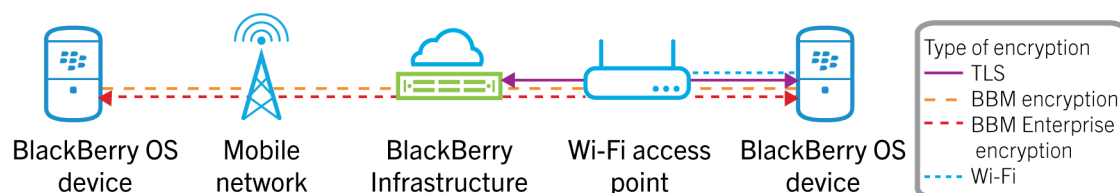
BBM Enterprise between a BlackBerry OS device on a Wi-Fi network and a BlackBerry OS device on a mobile network



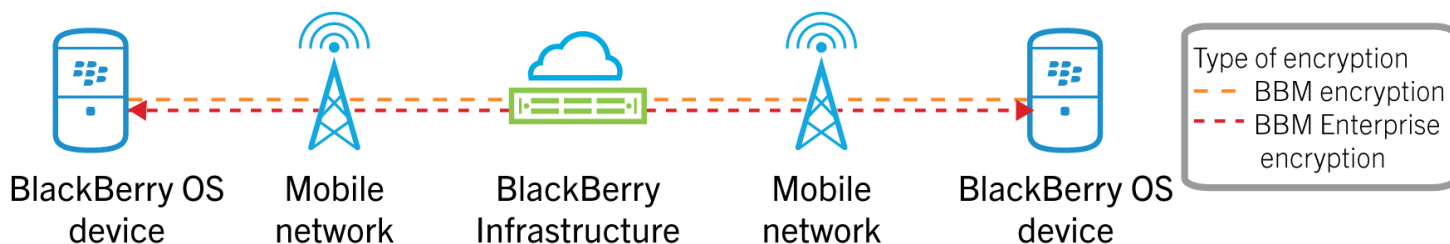
BBM Enterprise between a BlackBerry OS device on a Wi-Fi network and an iOS, Android or BlackBerry 10 device, and Windows or macOS desktop, on any wireless network



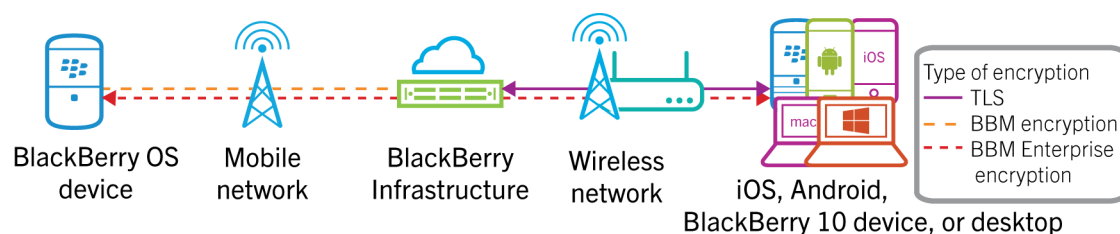
BBM Enterprise between a BlackBerry OS device on a mobile network and a BlackBerry OS device on a Wi-Fi network



BBM Enterprise between a BlackBerry OS device on a mobile network and a BlackBerry OS device on a mobile network

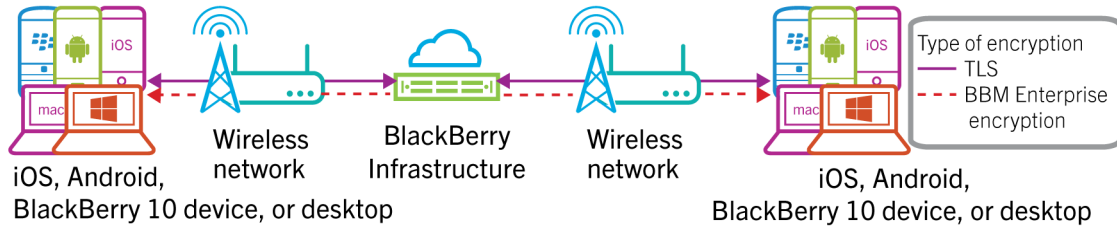


BBM Enterprise between a BlackBerry OS device on a mobile network and an iOS, Android or BlackBerry 10 device, and Windows or macOS desktop on any wireless network



BBM Enterprise messaging for iOS, Android or BlackBerry 10 devices, and Windows or macOS desktops

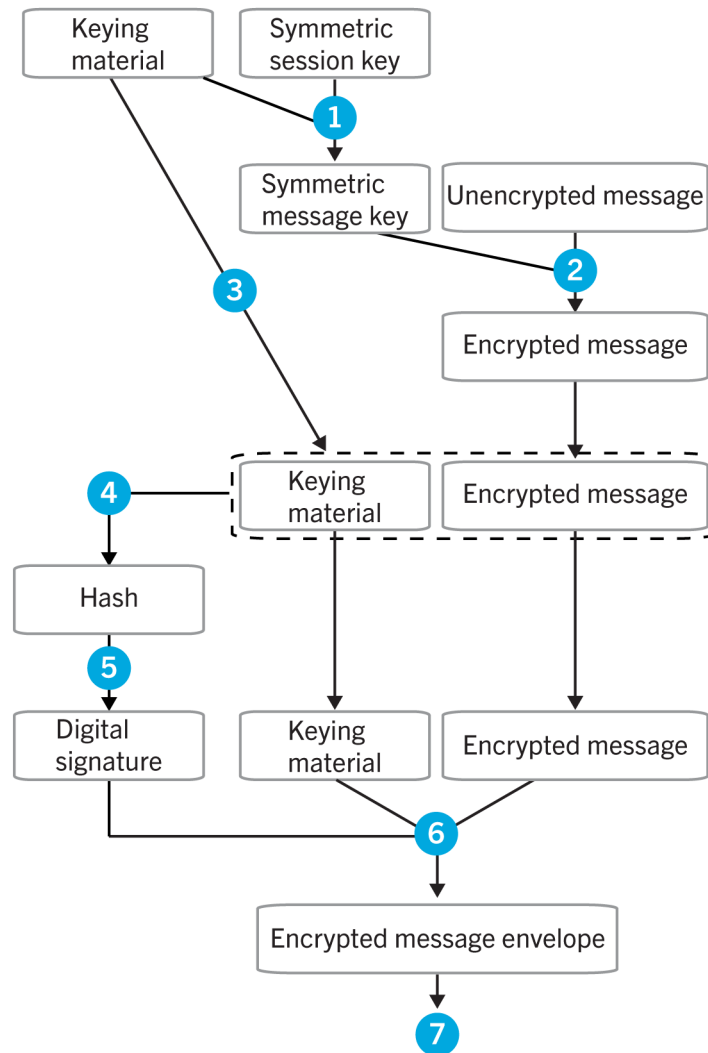
BBM Enterprise between a BlackBerry OS device on any wireless or wired network and an iOS, Android or BlackBerry 10 device, and Windows or macOS desktop, on any wireless or wired network



BBM Enterprise messaging encryption

After two parties have completed the key exchange process, BBM Enterprise uses each party's long-lived signing key pair to digitally sign the messages and the encryption key pair to encrypt or decrypt messages. The session key is the symmetric key shared by all conversation participants.

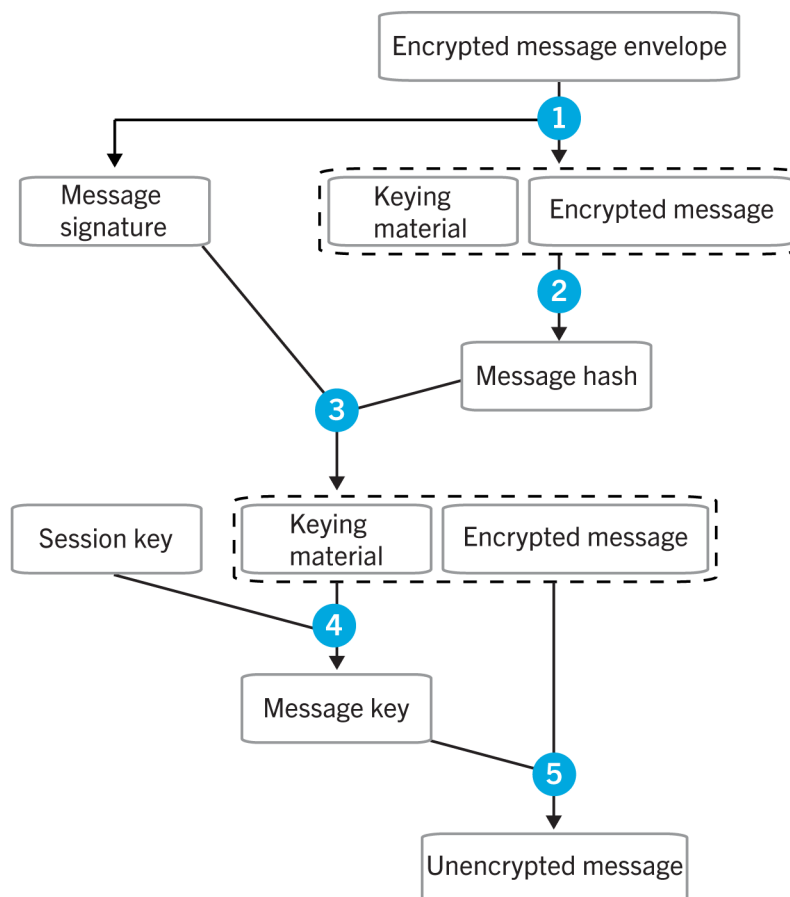
Data flow: Sending a BBM Enterprise message to a device using BBM Enterprise



When a BBM Enterprise user sends a message to another BBM Enterprise user, the device performs the following actions:

1. Establishes a 256-bit AES message key from the session key and unique keying material
2. Encrypts the message with the symmetric key using AES in CTR mode
3. Includes the keying material to recreate the message key in the unencrypted portion of the message
4. Hashes the whole message using SHA-512
5. Signs the hash with the sender's private signing key (ECC-521) using ECDSA
6. Wraps the parts in a message envelope
7. Passes the message to the transport layer

Data flow: Receiving a BBM Enterprise message from a device using BBM Enterprise



When a BBM Enterprise user receives a message from another BBM Enterprise user, the device performs the following actions:

1. Parses the envelope containing the encrypted message
2. Hashes the encrypted message using SHA2-512
3. Verifies the message signature using the sender's public key and the encrypted message hash; a pass indicates that the message is authentic
4. Derives the message key from the session key and the unencrypted keying material

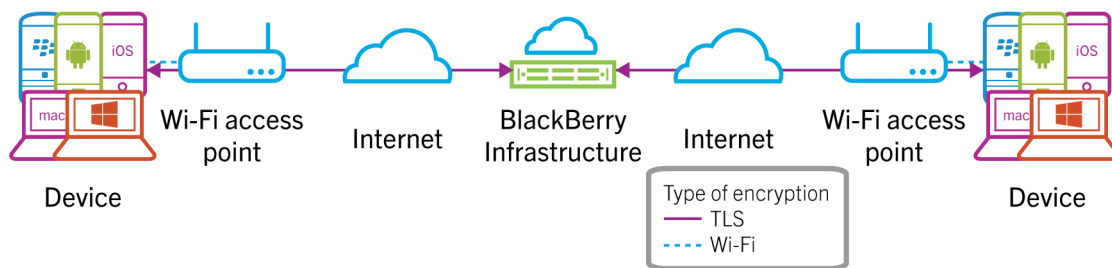
5. Decrypts the message using AES in CTR mode

BBM Enterprise voice and video architecture

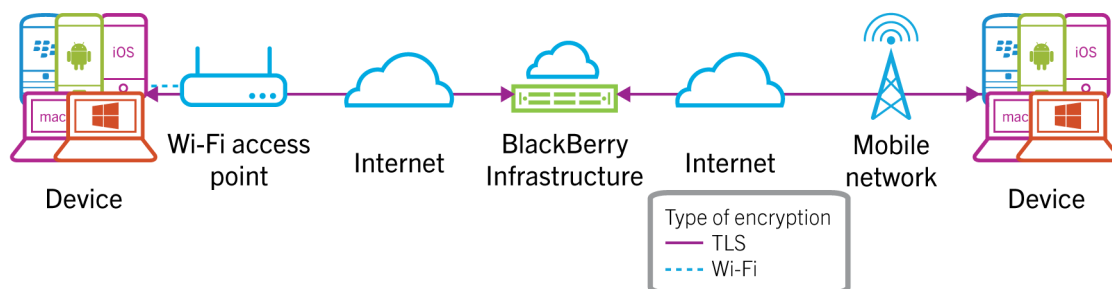
The following diagrams show the architecture and encryption for the setup and data transfer of BBM Enterprise voice and video calls on devices.

BBM Enterprise voice and video call setup

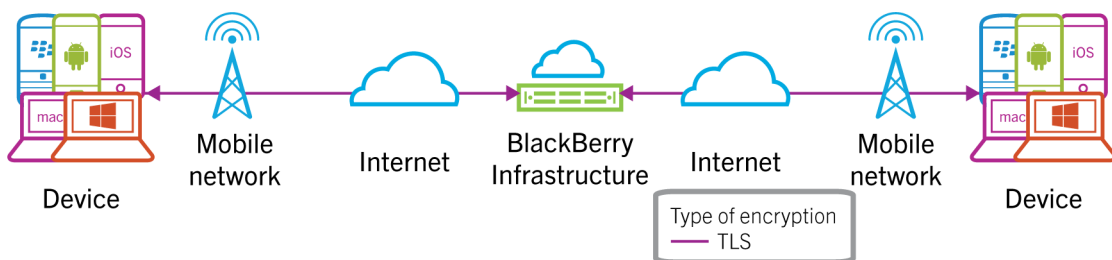
BBM Enterprise voice or video call between a device on a Wi-Fi network and a device on a Wi-Fi network



BBM Enterprise voice or video call between a device on a Wi-Fi network and a device on a mobile network



BBM Enterprise voice or video call between a device on a mobile network and a device on a mobile network

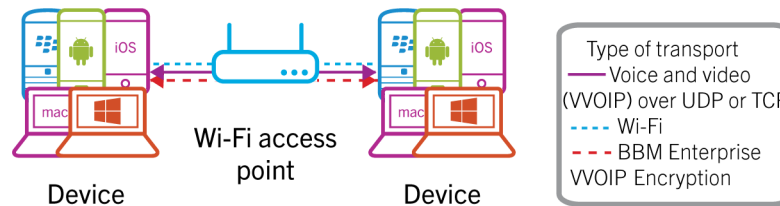


BBM Enterprise voice and video call data transfer

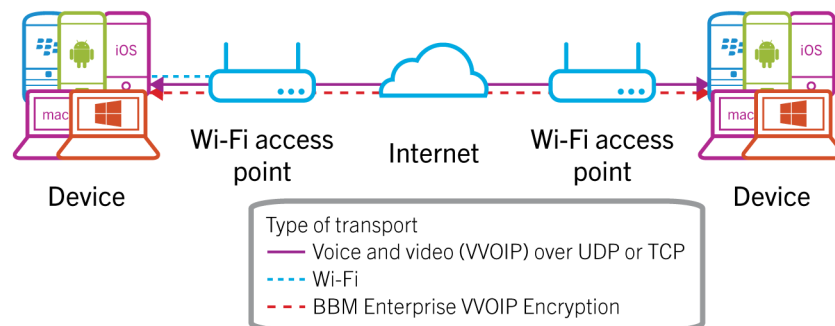
BBM Enterprise voice and video is designed to use the most direct and efficient path for data transfer between the two users in the call. In some cases, when a direct path is not possible, the encrypted voice or video call will be connected through the BlackBerry Infrastructure.

Note: BlackBerry OS devices are not capable of conducting secure BBM Enterprise voice and video calls.

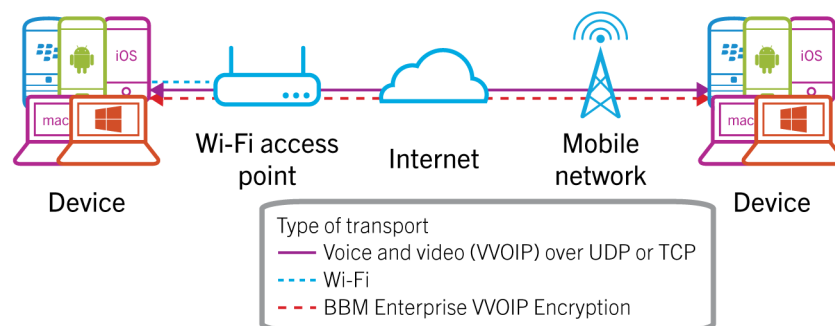
BBM Enterprise voice or video call between devices on the same Wi-Fi network



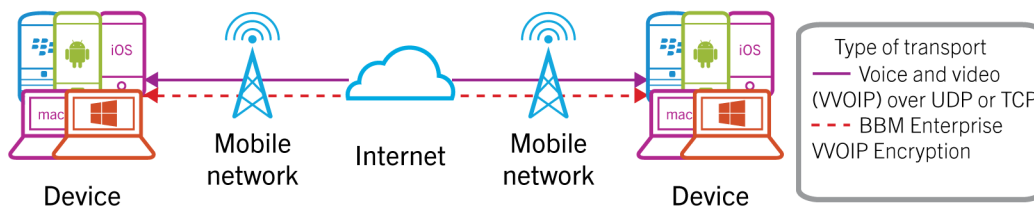
BBM Enterprise voice or video call between a device on a Wi-Fi network and a device on a different Wi-Fi network



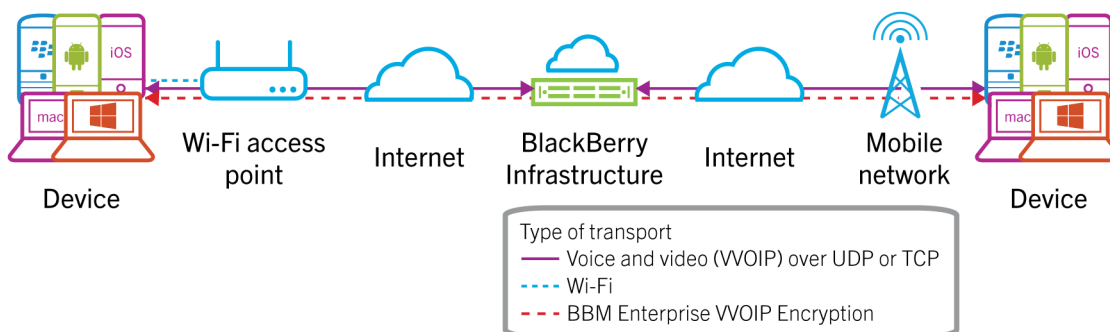
BBM Enterprise voice or BBM Video between a device on a Wi-Fi network and a device on a mobile network



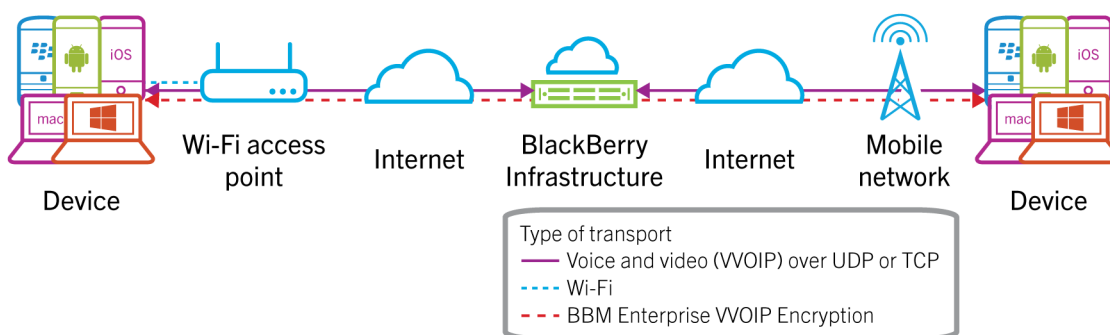
BBM Enterprise voice or BBM Video between a device on a mobile network and a device on a mobile network



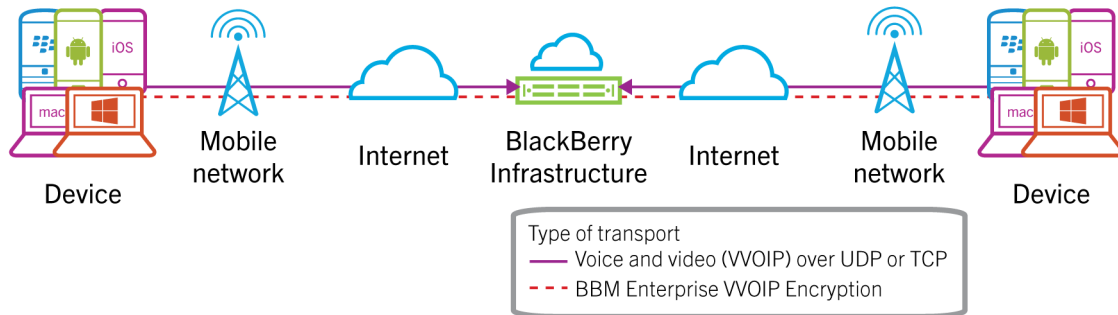
BBM Enterprise video or voice between a device on a Wi-Fi network and a device on a Wi-Fi network through the BlackBerry Infrastructure



BBM Enterprise video or voice between a device on a Wi-Fi network and a device on a mobile network through the BlackBerry Infrastructure



BBM Enterprise video or voice between a device on a mobile network and a device on a mobile network through the BlackBerry Infrastructure





BBM Enterprise voice and video encryption

After two users have completed the key exchange process, BBM Enterprise uses each party's long-lived signing key pair to digitally sign the messages and the encryption key pair to encrypt or decrypt messages. The session key is the symmetric key shared by all conversation participants.

When a user in your organization makes a BBM Enterprise voice or video call, BBM Enterprise uses a new, random AES-128 or AES-256 key (depending on the version) for each participant in the call, and for each media stream in the call. The symmetric keys are encrypted and signed before they are sent to the other participant in the BBM Enterprise voice or video call.

BBM Enterprise voice and video media encryption follows the SRTP standard.

When a BBM Enterprise voice or video user is in an encrypted voice or video call, the  icon appears on the user's call screen. When a BBM Enterprise voice or video user is not in an encrypted voice or video call, the  icon appears on the user's call screen.

Protected Plus

Protected Plus is an extra non-default feature of earlier versions of the BBM Enterprise app that makes all of your users' chats use BBM Enterprise, even if their recipients use the BBM app instead. After you turn on Protected Plus, BBM Enterprise encryption is used for all messages in chats.

BBM Enterprise features

BBM Enterprise offers extra features that allow you to change the way that BBM Enterprise works by default.

You must use the Enterprise Identity administrator console to turn on these features for users. For more information, visit the following links:

- [Android](#)
- [iOS](#)
- [BlackBerry 10](#)

Glossary

AES	Advanced Encryption Standard
BES12	BlackBerry Enterprise Service 12
CTR	Counter
DH	Diffie-Hellman
ECC	Elliptic Curve Cryptography
ECDH	Elliptic Curve Diffie-Hellman
ECDSA	Elliptic Curve Digital Signature Algorithm
EC-SPEKE	Elliptic Curve – Simple Password Exponential Key Exchange
FIPS	Federal Information Processing Standards
HMAC	keyed-hash message authentication code
KDF	key derivation function
MAC	message authentication code
NIST	National Institute of Standards and Technology
SHA	Secure Hash Algorithm
SMS	Short Message Service
TLS	Transport Layer Security

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