

Security Note

BBM Protected



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About this guide

BBM Protected is the first product in the eBBM Suite of products and services aimed at enterprise customers. BBM Protected uses advanced security features to allow BlackBerry device users in your organization to communicate securely with each other using BBM. This guide describes how BBM Protected provides a higher level of security for BBM messages that are sent between BBM Protected users.

This guide is intended for senior IT professionals responsible for evaluating the product and planning its deployment, as well as anyone who's interested in learning more about BBM Protected security features. After you read this guide, you should understand how BBM Protected adds further protection to messages.

Note: This guide doesn't describe the security features of the standard BBM app. For more information, visit blackberry.com/go/serverdocs to see the *BBM Security Note*.

Using BBM Protected

BBM can use BBM Protected to provide end-to-end encryption for BBM messages that are sent between BBM Protected users in your organization and other BBM Protected users, inside or outside of your organization. BBM Protected uses default BBM encryption when users in your organization send BBM messages to contacts who aren't using BBM Protected. The encryption that BBM uses for BBM chats depends on whether BBM Protected is turned on or turned off. BBM Protected is turned on or turned off using the "Use BBM Protected" IT policy rule.

The "Use BBM Protected" IT policy rule has the following values that you can choose:

- If you set this rule to "Yes", BBM uses BBM Protected to encrypt and decrypt messages exchanged with contacts that have the "Use BBM Protected" IT policy rule enabled, and it uses default BBM encryption for messages exchanged with other contacts.
- If you set this rule to "No", BBM always uses default BBM encryption.

By default, BBM doesn't use BBM Protected.

For more information about the BlackBerry Enterprise Service 10 IT policy rule for BBM Protected, see the *BlackBerry Device Service Policy and Profile Reference Guide*. For more information about the BlackBerry Enterprise Server 5 IT policy rule for BBM Protected, visit blackberry.com/go/kbhelp to read article KB35988.

System requirements

To use BBM Protected, you must meet the following requirements:

Device	Requirements
BlackBerry OS (version 6 to 7.1)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Activated on BlackBerry Enterprise Server and the "Use BBM Protected" IT policy rule included in KB35988 imported into the BES5 Running BlackBerry Messenger 8.5 or later BBM Protected user license
BlackBerry 10 (version 10.2 and later)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> "Work space only" activation type Activated on BlackBerry Enterprise Service 10 version 10.2.2 or later Running BBM 10.3.30 or later BBM Protected user license

For more information about importing the BES5 IT policy rule that applies to this feature, visit blackberry.com/go/kbhelp to read KB35988.

BBM Protected is available for BlackBerry devices. Your organization can purchase the required BBM Protected user licenses from BlackBerry or an authorized reseller. For more information, visit <http://www.blackberry.com/BBMProtected>.

Devices that aren't activated on BlackBerry Enterprise Server 5 or BlackBerry Enterprise Service 10 can't use BBM Protected.

How BBM Protected protects messages

BBM Protected uses established cryptographic methods to encrypt and digitally sign messages in order to establish secure communications between BBM Protected users. Users can seamlessly send messages to their friends and family with default BBM encryption at the same time that they send messages to their work contacts with BBM Protected encryption.

When BBM uses BBM Protected encryption

The encryption that BBM uses for a BBM chat depends on whether BBM Protected is on or off.

If BBM Protected is on, BBM uses:

- BBM Protected end-to-end encryption for messages that users exchange with BBM contacts that also have BBM Protected turned on
- Default BBM encryption for messages that users exchange with BBM contacts that don't have BBM Protected turned on
- Default BBM encryption for messages that users exchange with BBM contacts that aren't activated on a BlackBerry Enterprise Server 5 or BlackBerry Enterprise Service 10

If BBM Protected is off, BBM uses default BBM encryption for messages.

Default BBM encryption

When BBM Protected is off or not available on a device, BBM uses default BBM encryption, which relies on TLS. Default BBM encryption uses a combination of authentication and encryption to protect messages. For more information about default BBM encryption, visit blackberry.com/go/serverdocs to see the *BBM Security Note*.

BBM Protected standards and algorithms

BBM Protected uses FIPS 140-2 validated cryptographic libraries to ensure that it satisfies the security requirements for protecting unclassified information as defined by the Federal Information Processing Standards.

BBM Protected uses ECC because it offers significant advantages over the most widely used alternative, RSA. BlackBerry uses the ECC implementation that is offered by Certicom, which is a wholly owned subsidiary of BlackBerry. Certicom has been developing standards-based cryptography for over 25 years. Certicom is the acknowledged worldwide leader in ECC, offering the most security per bit of any known public key scheme. For example, a 160-bit ECC key and a 1024-bit RSA key offer a similar level of security. A 512-bit ECC key provides the same level of security as a 15,360-bit RSA key.

BBM Protected standards

BBM Protected uses the following standards for signing, encrypting, and hashing, which meet or exceed the NIST Suite B cryptographic guidelines:

- Digital signature standard FIPS 186-4: provides a means of guaranteeing the authenticity and non-repudiation of messages
- AES symmetric encryption standard FIPS 197: uses agreed symmetric keys to guarantee the confidentiality of messages
- HMAC standard FIPS 198-1: based on SHA2-256 and uses agreed symmetric keys to guarantee the integrity of messages
- Cryptographic key generation standard NIST SP 800-133: generates the cryptographic keys that are needed to employ algorithms that provide confidentiality and integrity protection for messages
- Secure Hash standard FIPS 180-4: provides preimage and collision resistant hash functions that are required for secure HMACs, digital signatures, key derivation, and key exchange

BBM Protected algorithms and functions

To protect the connection between BBM users during a BBM chat, BBM Protected users exchange public signing and encryption keys using an out-of-band shared secret and EC-SPEKE. These keys are then used to encrypt and digitally sign BBM messages between the devices. BBM Protected uses the following algorithms that are based on NIST standards with 256-bit equivalent security:

- EC-SPEKE: securely exchanges a symmetric key by protecting the exchange with a password
- KDF: securely derives message keys from shared secrets
- One-Pass DH: using one user's private key and another user's public key, derives a new shared secret between the users

The algorithms and associated key strengths that BBM Protected implements are:

- AES-256 for symmetric encryption
- ECDSA with NIST curve P-521 for signing
- One-Pass ECDH with NIST curve P-521 for symmetric key agreement
- SHA2-512 for hashing and key derivation
- SHA2-256-128 HMAC for message authentication codes

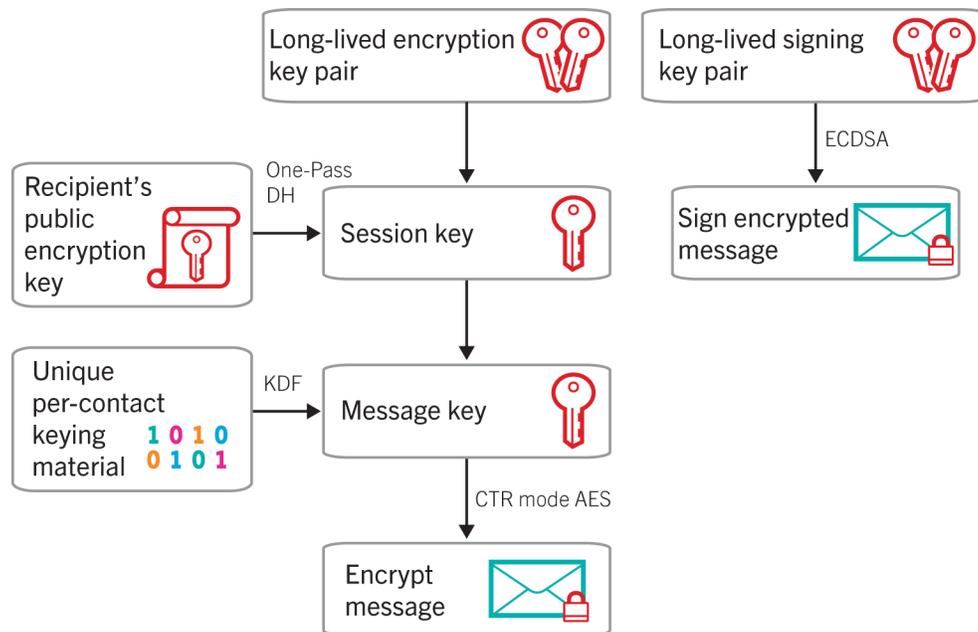
BBM Protected key usage

Each device that uses BBM Protected has two long-lived public and private key pairs that are static for the device and the user: an encryption key pair and a signing key pair.

When a BBM Protected user starts a BBM chat with another BBM Protected user, BBM creates a pairwise key between the users that is used as a session key. The session key is used to encrypt all messages in a BBM chat. The pairwise key is derived from the BBM chat initiator's private encryption key and the recipient's public encryption key, using One-Pass ECDH.

Each session key is combined with unencrypted, but signed, keying material in the message to produce a message encryption key. The message encryption key is derived from the keying material and the session key, using the KDF.

Each BBM Protected message is signed using ECDSA with the signing key pair.



Key exchange process

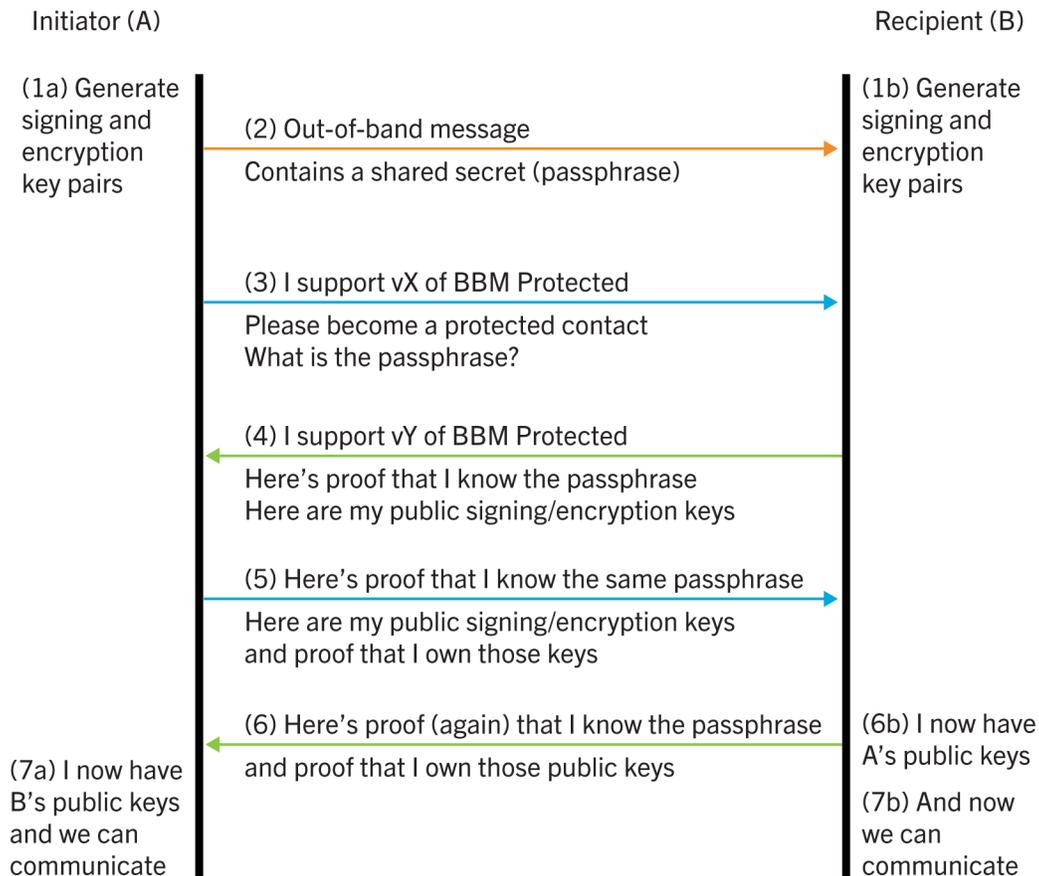
For two BBM users to become BBM Protected contacts, two conditions must be met. The users:

- Must be BBM contacts
- Must go through the key exchange process

In order to exchange keys, BBM Protected users must also exchange a shared secret using an out-of-band mechanism that isn't readable by BlackBerry, such as SMS text message, email, phone call, or in person. The shared secret can be a user-defined passphrase or, if using an SMS text message or email, an autogenerated passphrase.

An attacker would have to compromise the shared secret exchange, which is made more difficult because the attacker doesn't know when or how the secret will be shared. Because the secret is shared out-of-band, an attacker would need to intercept both the connection through the BlackBerry Infrastructure and the out-of-band channel that the BBM Protected users use to exchange the shared secret to compromise the key exchange. Therefore no one, including BlackBerry, can read or modify protected traffic without the ability to intercept the out-of-band channel in real time.

Data flow: BBM Protected key exchange process



The BBM Protected key exchange uses the following steps:

- Each device performs the following actions:
 - Generates a long-lived encryption key pair
 - Generates a long-lived signing key pair
- The initiator chooses a passphrase and sends it out-of-band to the recipient using an SMS text message, email, phone call, or in person.
- The initiator sends the first BBM message, which is an invitation that contains the initiator's contact information and the highest version (vX) of BBM Protected that they support.
- The recipient responds to the invitation and provides:
 - The highest version (vY) of BBM Protected that the recipient supports
 - Proof that they know the passphrase
 - The recipient's long-lived public encryption and signing keys
- The initiator responds to the acceptance and provides:

- Proof that the initiator knows the passphrase
 - The initiator's long-lived public encryption and signing keys
 - Proof that the initiator has the private keys that correspond to the public keys that they claim to own
6. The recipient responds with proof the recipient owns the private keys.
 7. After the initiator verifies the final message from the recipient, each party knows the other's public keys and that they belong to someone who knows both the associated private keys and the passphrase. (Assuming that only the recipient and the initiator know the passphrase, they can confirm that the public keys belong to each other.)

Parameters that the BBM Protected key exchange uses

The description of the BBM Protected key exchange uses the following labels:

Parameter	Description
A, B	The two key exchange participants. A is the initiator, B is the recipient.
X_A, X_B	Versions of X belonging to A and B.
PIN_{AB}	BlackBerry PIN value for A and B.
$Version_{AB}$	The highest supported protocol version by each party.
S_{AB}	Public portion of EC-SPEKE exchange values.
S'_{AB}	Private portion of EC-SPEKE exchange values.
$Ksign_{AB}$	Public portion of signing key.
$K'sign_{AB}$	Private portion of signing key.
$Kenc_{AB}$	Public portion of encryption key.
$K'enc_{AB}$	Private portion of encryption key.
K_{enc}	Symmetric encryption key protecting the confidentiality of the key exchange.
K_{mac}	Symmetric key protecting the integrity of the key exchange.
nonce	Initialization Vector nonce associated with encryption using K_{enc} .
ENCMAC $\{K_{enc}, K_{mac}, IV\}$ (data)	Symmetric encryption with K_{enc} followed by the addition of a MAC of the ciphertext with K_{mac} .
DECMAC $\{K_{enc}, K_{mac}, IV\}$ (data)	The inverse of ENCMAC. Verification of the MAC with K_{mac} , followed by decryption of the authenticated ciphertext using K_{enc} .
KDF (aux, secret)	A standard KDF function.
EC-SPEKE-GEN (secret)	Generates a non-deterministic key pair based on a shared secret.
EC-DH (private, public)	Generates a raw shared secret with ECDH.
EC-GEN ()	Generates a new random Elliptic Curve key pair.

Parameter	Description
K_{proof}	A symmetric key used for proving possession of the private key.
EC-SIGN {secret} (data)	A public key signature on a hash using ECDSA.
MAC {secret} (data)	Calculates a MAC keyed with secret on data.
T3, T4	Message authentication tags for messages #3 and #4.
SS_{AB}	The EC-SPEKE shared secret value between A and B.
F	The prefix value used for cryptographic separation between usages of the same key between different BBM applications, protocol versions, and sessions.
S	Shared secrets, shared out-of-band.
	Indicates concatenation.
(X, Y)	Indicates separation of concatenated values.

Data flow: Detailed BBM Protected key exchange process

- Each device generates a long-lived encryption key pair and a signing key pair.

- The initiator's device generates:

```
(KsignA, K'signA) = EC-GEN ()
(KencA, K'encA) = EC-GEN ()
```

- The recipient's device generates:

```
(KsignB, K'signB) = EC-GEN ()
(KencB, K'encB) = EC-GEN ()
```

- The initiator chooses or autogenerates a secret password and sends this out-of-band to the recipient using an SMS text message, email, phone call, or in person.
- The initiator sends the first BBM message, which is an invitation that contains the initiator's contact information and the highest version of BBM Protected that they support.

```
Version = 0
p = KDF ("EC-SPEKE Password", F || S), forget S, where sizeof(p) = 256 bits
(SA, S'A) = EC-SPEKE-GEN (p), forget p
invite_id = 64-bit nonce
```

The initiator's invitation message (Message #1) is: (Version_A, invite_id, PIN_A, S_A)

- The recipient responds to the invitation and provides the highest version of BBM Protected that the recipient supports, proof that they know the secret password, and the recipient's long-lived public encryption and signing keys.

```
Version = 0
p = KDF ("EC-SPEKE Password", F || S), forget S, where sizeof(p) = 256 bits
(SB, S'B) = EC-SPEKE-GEN (p), forget p
```

```

Version = MIN (VersionA, VersionB)
SSAB = EC-DH (S'B, SA)
(Kenc, Kmac, nonce) = KDF ("BBM Protected Key Exchange", F || SSAB)
Message #2 payload = P2 = (invite_id, KsignB, KencB)
Message #2 payload signature = S2 = EC-SIGN {K'signB} (F || versionB || P2 || SA || SB)
Message #2 encrypted payload = E2 = ENCMAC {Kenc, Kmac, nonce} (P2 || S2)

```

The recipient's response message (Message #2) is: (Version_B, S_B, E2)

5. The initiator responds to the acceptance and provides proof that they know the secret password, the initiator's long-lived public encryption and signing keys, and proof that the initiator's private keys correspond to the public keys that the initiator claims to own.

```

Version = MIN (VersionA, VersionB)
Increment password_attempts.
If (password_attempts > 5) then abort.
SSAB = EC-DH (S'A, S'B)
(Kenc, Kmac, nonce) = KDF ("BBM Protected Key Exchange", F || SSAB)
(P2, S2) = DECMAC {Kenc, Kmac, nonce} (E2)
(KsignB, KencB) = P2
Verify signature S2.
KencAB = EC-DH (K'encA, KencB)
Kproof = KDF ("K_proof", F || KencAB), where sizeof(Kproof) = 256 bits
Message #3 Auth Tag = T3 = MAC {Kproof} (F || KsignB || KencB)
Message #3 payload = P3 = (KsignA, KencA, T3)
Message #3 payload signature = S3 = EC-SIGN {K'signA} (F || P3 || SB || SA || KsignB || KencB)
Message #3 encrypted payload = E3 = ENCMAC {Kenc, Kmac, nonce} (P3 || S3)

```

The initiator's response message (Message #3) is: E3

6. The recipient responds with proof that they own the recipient's private keys.

```

(P3, S3) = DECMAC {Kenc, Kmac, nonce} (E3)
(KsignA, KencA, T3') = P3
Verify signature S3.
KencAB = EC-DH (K'encB, KencA)
Kproof' = KDF ("K_proof", F || KencAB), where sizeof (Kproof') = 256 bits
T3 = MAC {Kproof'} (F || KsignB || KencB)
Check T3 == T3'
Message #4 Auth Tag = T4 = MAC {Kproof'} (F || KsignA || KencA)
E4 = ENCMAC {Kenc, Kmac, nonce} (T4)

```

The initiator's response message (Message #4) is: E4

7. After the initiator verifies the final message from the recipient, each party knows the other's public keys and that they belong to someone who knows both the associated private keys and the secret password.

```

T4' = DECMAC {Kenc, Kmac, nonce} (Message #4)
Check T4' against MAC {Kproof'} (F || KsignA || KencA)

```

After the key exchange is completed, the security of messages no longer depends on the secrecy of the passphrase or the ephemeral key pairs. The public keys for encryption and signing are stored for each contact and the contact is confirmed as the owner of the private keys.

Key storage

On BlackBerry 10 devices, BBM stores the user's key pairs that are used by BBM Protected using the certificate manager.

On BlackBerry OS devices, BBM stores the user's key pairs that are used by BBM Protected using the device's keystore.

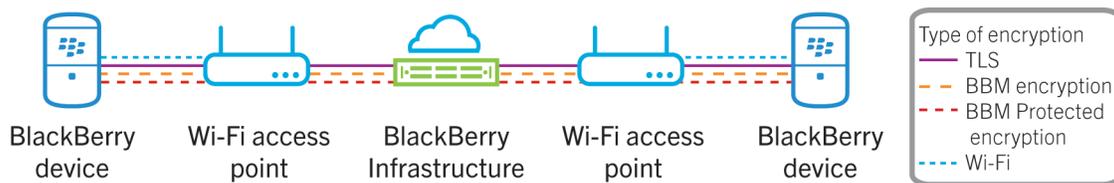
Private keys on devices are stored in a state that ensures that they can't be retrieved.

BBM Protected messaging architecture

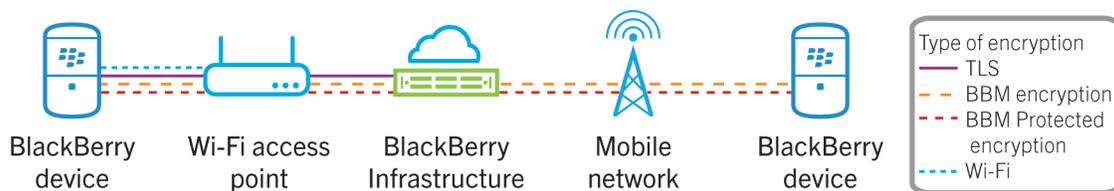
The following diagrams show how BBM Protected protects BBM messages in transit.

BBM Protected messaging for BlackBerry OS devices

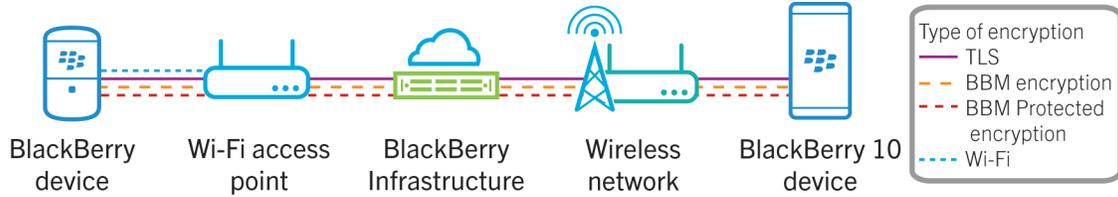
BBM between a BlackBerry OS device on a Wi-Fi network and a BlackBerry OS device on a Wi-Fi network



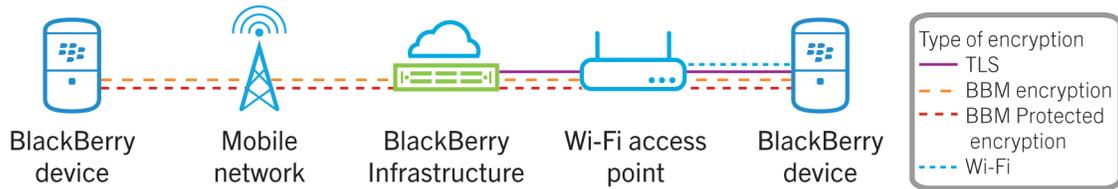
BBM between a BlackBerry OS device on a Wi-Fi network and a BlackBerry OS device on a mobile network



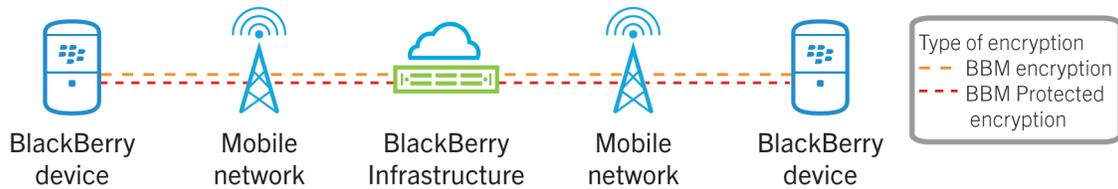
BBM between a BlackBerry OS device on a Wi-Fi network and a BlackBerry 10 device on any wireless network



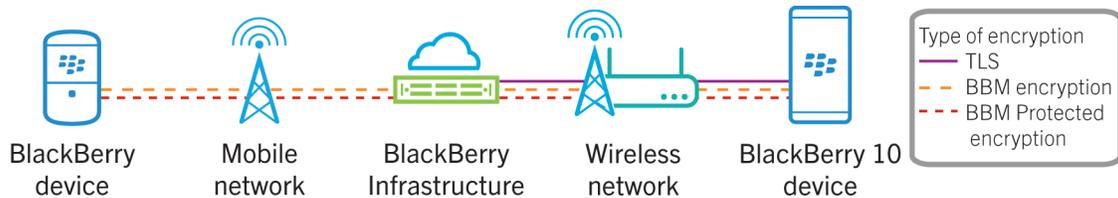
BBM between a BlackBerry OS device on a mobile network and a BlackBerry OS device on a Wi-Fi network



BBM between a BlackBerry OS device on a mobile network and a BlackBerry OS device on a mobile network

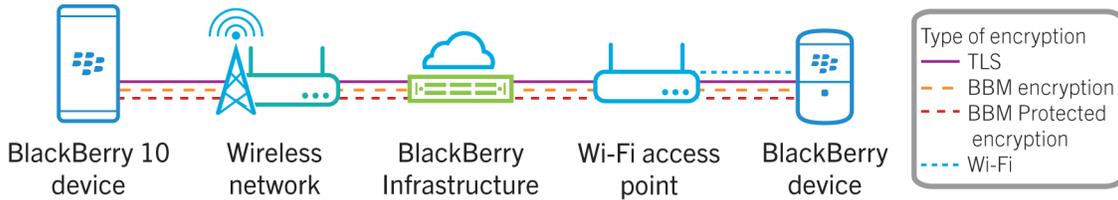


BBM between a BlackBerry OS device on a mobile network and a BlackBerry 10 device on any wireless network

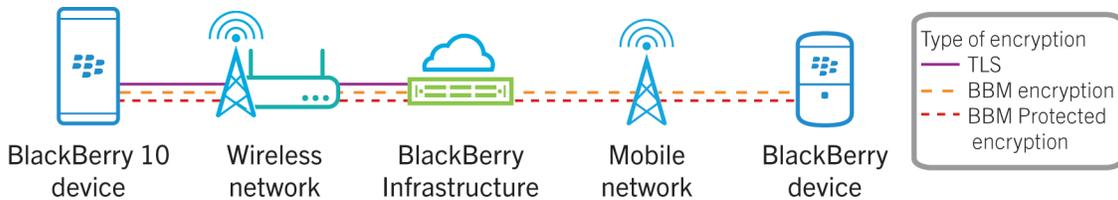


BBM Protected messaging for BlackBerry 10 devices

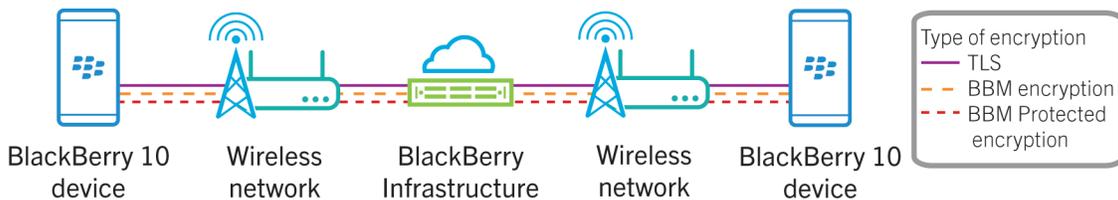
BBM between a BlackBerry 10 device on any wireless network and a BlackBerry OS device on a Wi-Fi network



BBM between a BlackBerry 10 device on any wireless network and a BlackBerry OS device on a mobile network



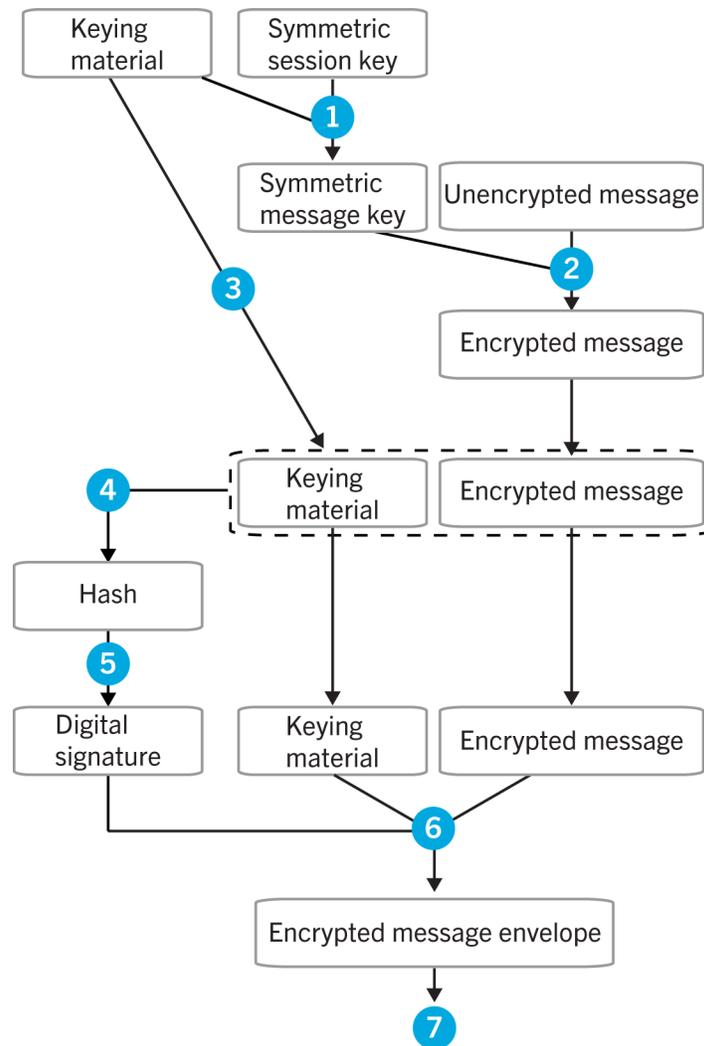
BBM between a BlackBerry 10 device on any wireless network and a BlackBerry 10 device on any wireless network



BBM Protected messaging encryption

After two parties have completed the key exchange process, BBM Protected uses each party's long-lived signing key pair to digitally sign the messages and the encryption key pair to encrypt or decrypt messages. The session key is the symmetric key shared by all conversation participants.

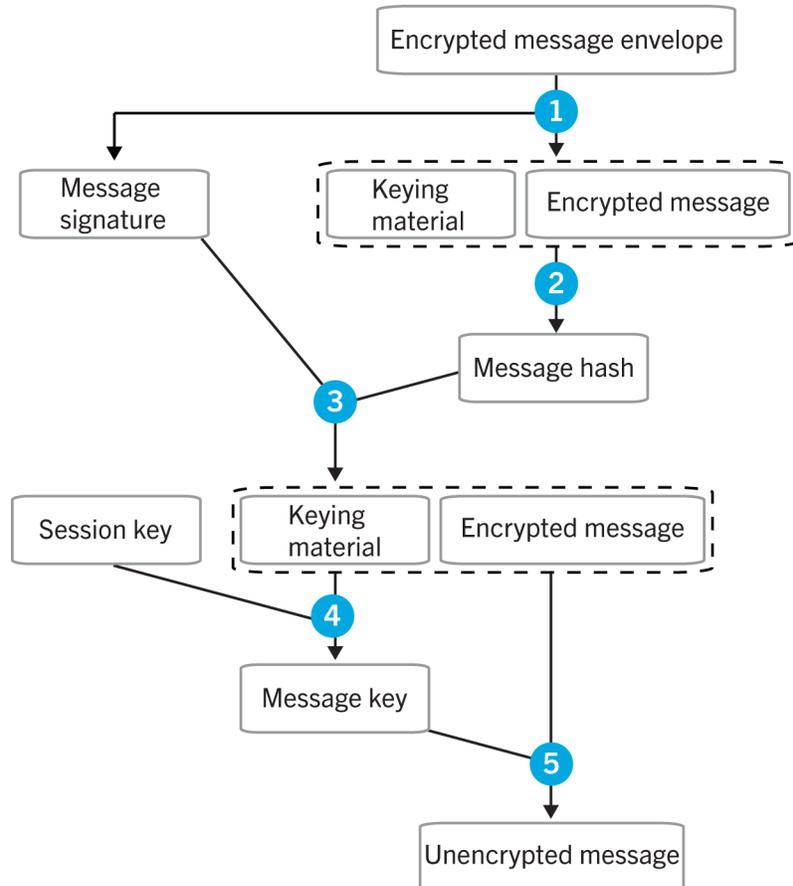
Data flow: Sending a BBM message to a device using BBM Protected



When a BBM Protected user sends a message to another BBM Protected user, the device performs the following actions:

1. Establishes a 256-bit AES message key from the session key and unique keying material.
2. Encrypts the message with the symmetric key using AES in CTR mode.
3. Includes the keying material to recreate the message key in the unencrypted portion of the message.
4. Hashes the whole message using SHA-512.
5. Signs the hash with the sender's private signing key (ECC-521) using ECDSA.
6. Wraps the parts in a message envelope.
7. Passes the message to the transport layer.

Data flow: Receiving a BBM message from a device using BBM Protected



When a BBM Protected user receives a message from another BBM Protected user, the device performs the following actions:

1. Parses the envelope containing the encrypted message.
2. Hashes the encrypted message using SHA2-512.
3. Verifies the message signature using the sender's public key and the encrypted message hash; a pass indicates that the message is authentic.
4. Derives the message key from the session key and the unencrypted keying material.
5. Decrypts the message using AES in CTR mode.

IT policy rules that apply to BBM Protected

The following IT policy rules apply to BBM Protected.

Table 1: BlackBerry Enterprise Server 5 IT policy rule for BBM Protected

IT policy group	IT policy rule
BlackBerry Messenger	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use BBM Protected

For more information about the BES5 IT policy rule for BBM Protected, visit blackberry.com/go/kbhelp to read article KB35988.

Table 2: BlackBerry Enterprise Service 10 IT policy rule for BBM Protected

IT policy group	Activation type	IT policy rule
Security	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Work space only 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use BBM Protected

For more information about the BES10 IT policy rule for BBM Protected, see the *BlackBerry Device Service Policy and Profile Reference Guide*.

Provide feedback

To provide feedback on this content, visit www.blackberry.com/docsfeedback.

Glossary

AES	Advanced Encryption Standard
CTR	Counter
DH	Diffie-Hellman
ECC	Elliptic Curve Cryptography
ECDH	Elliptic Curve Diffie-Hellman
ECDSA	Elliptic Curve Digital Signature Algorithm
EC-SPEKE	Elliptic Curve – Simple Password Exponential Key Exchange
FIPS	Federal Information Processing Standards
HMAC	keyed-hash message authentication code
KDF	key derivation function
MAC	message authentication code
NIST	National Institute of Standards and Technology
SHA	Secure Hash Algorithm
SMS	Short Message Service
TLS	Transport Layer Security

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